

# STATE OF INFRASTRUCTURE SECURITY

## CISA CYBER ASSESSMENTS



# Introduction: Jason Hill

- Chief of CISA Cybersecurity Assessments
- Former head of DHS Red Team
- 20 years Army National Guard Cyber



# CISA and VM Overview

- **CISA** builds the national capacity to defend against cyber attacks and works with the federal government to provide cybersecurity tools, incident response services and assessment capabilities
- **Vulnerability Management** aims to reduce risks and gain insights on vulnerabilities in Federal, State, Local, Tribal, Territorial, and Private Critical Infrastructure customers.



# Cyber Assessments Overview

Our Mission: Enhance situational awareness and enable efforts to reduce risk and increase national resilience

- Proactive services to government and critical infrastructure clients to assess and improve cybersecurity posture, understand risk, and identify operational strengths and weaknesses
- The team also provides an objective third-party perspective of stakeholder operational cybersecurity posture



Vulnerability Scanning



Risk Assessment



Penetration Testing



Design Review

## Core Capabilities



*Services are provided at “no cost” to our customers*

*Our “payment” is authorization to use anonymized, non attributable, data to enhance national situation awareness and enable our stakeholders to make data driven decisions*



# Goals



## IDENTIFY AND ELIMINATE

Identify and eliminate remote attack paths prior to their exploitation



## CHAMPION AND PROMOTE

Champion and promote data-driven standards, policies, guidelines and capabilities



## MONITOR

Monitor secure deployment and implementation of infrastructure components



## DRIVE

Drive implementation and adoption of mature operational capabilities and behaviors



## ENSURE

Ensure that no single customer receives a disproportionate amount of resources and that all 16 critical infrastructure sectors receive CISA services



# Service Catalogue

**Vulnerability Scanning  
(Cyber Hygiene)**

**Risk and Vulnerability  
Assessments**

**Phishing Campaign  
Assessments**

**Red Team Assessments**

**Reputation and Posture  
Monitoring**

**Validated Architecture  
Design Review**

**Web Application Scanning**

**High Value Assets**

**Remote Penetration  
Testing**

**Critical Product Evaluation**



# Risk and Vulnerability Assessment

- **One-on-one engagements** with customers that combine national threat and vulnerability information with data collected and discovered through onsite assessment activities.
- Service components include **scenario-based network penetration testing, web application scanning, social engineering** in the form of a phishing email, wireless testing, database scanning, and internal threat emulation.
- **Configuration Review:** CISA Assessments reviews and analyzes operating system and database settings and configurations, which the team compares to industry standards, guidelines, and best practices to identify security issues.
- **Provides customers risk analysis reports** with actionable remediation recommendations prioritized by risk.
- **2-week engagement** – one week from Arlington, VA lab. One week onsite at customer location.



# Validated Architecture Design Review

- Assessment based on federal and industry standards, guidelines, and best practices conducted on **Information Technology (IT) or Operational Technology (OT) Infrastructures**.
- **Includes an in-depth Architecture Design Review** and a review of interconnectivity to internal and external systems with a focus on defensive strategies.
- **System Configuration and Log Review:** Detailed review of system settings and activity to determine the susceptibility to potential attacks and baseline normal behavior to find anomalies.
- **Network Traffic Analysis** to identify anomalous communications, indicative of vulnerabilities.





# RVA/VADR Assessment Objectives

- Reduce risk to the Nation's critical infrastructure components.
- Analyze systems based on standards, guidelines, and best practices.
- Ensure effective defense-in-depth strategies.
- Provide findings and practical mitigations for improving operational maturity and enhancing cybersecurity posture.
- Creates sector and mission reporting and analytics.



# RVA/VADR Assessments Conducted

- Fiscal Year 2020 - Present

| Sector                | RVA Assessments | VADR Assessments |
|-----------------------|-----------------|------------------|
| Energy                | 6               | 41               |
| Agriculture           | 1               | 1                |
| Government Facilities | 69              | 10               |
| Health                | 22              | 7                |
| IT                    | 17              | 2                |
| Manufacturing         | 2               | 1                |
| Transportation        | 3               | 16               |
| Water                 | 14              | 5                |



# RVA/VADR Trends and Findings

## VADR findings across all sectors, 2021

| Finding   | Occurrences |
|---|-------------|
| Boundary Protection   | 70          |
| Least Functionality   | 31          |
| Information Systems Partitioning                            | 24          |
| Allocation of Resources                                     | 20          |
| Information System Backup                                   | 19          |
| Identification and Authentication<br>(organizational users) | 17          |
| Monitoring Physical Access                                  | 14          |
| Access Control for Mobile Devices                           | 11          |
| Authenticator Management                                    | 11          |
| Physical Access Control                                     | 11          |



# Ransomware

- Ransomware is a form of malware designed to encrypt files on a device, rendering any files and the systems that rely on them unusable.
- In recent years, ransomware incidents have become increasingly prevalent.
- Ultimately, ransomware is *not a vulnerability*, it is instead an outcome of existing attack vectors.



# Current Ransomware Examples

- The May 2021 Colonial Pipeline Attack:

A ransomware attack resulted in the halting of pipeline operations. Colonial paid out \$4.4 million to the hackers. \$2.3 million was eventually recovered.

<https://www.bloomberg.com/news/articles/2021-06-04/hackers-breached-colonial-pipeline-using-compromised-password>

- The December 2020 San Diego Family Care Attack:

Hackers stole and locked hospital records, compromising the care of over 100,000 patients. The healthcare company paid out \$2.3 million to regain access. Similar attacks continue to occur at other healthcare institutions across the US.

<https://www.hipaajournal.com/4-more-healthcare-organizations-announce-patients-affected-by-recent-ransomware-attacks/>





New Services can be requested from: [vulnerability@cisa.dhs.gov](mailto:vulnerability@cisa.dhs.gov)

Questions?

